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H. Asai
Univ. of Tokyo
M. MacFaden
VMware Inc.
J. Schoenwaelder
Jacobs University
K. Shima
IIJ Innovation Institute Inc.
T. Tsou
Huawei Technologies (USA)
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Management Information Base for Virtual Machines
Controlled by a Hypervisor

Abstract

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, this specifies objects for managing virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor (a.k.a. virtual machine monitor).

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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1. Introduction

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, this specifies objects for managing virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor (a.k.a. virtual machine monitor). A hypervisor controls multiple virtual machines on a single physical machine by allocating resources to each virtual machine using virtualization technologies. Therefore, this MIB module contains information on virtual machines and their resources controlled by a hypervisor as well as information about a hypervisor's hardware and software.

The design of this MIB module has been derived from product-specific MIB modules -- namely, a MIB module for managing guests of the Xen hypervisor [Xen], a MIB module for managing virtual machines controlled by the VMware hypervisor [VMware], and a MIB module using the libvirt programming interface [libvirt] to access different hypervisors. However, this MIB module attempts to generalize the managed objects to support other implementations of hypervisors.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Overview and Objectives

This document defines a portion of MIB for the management of virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor. This MIB module consists of the managed objects related to system and software information of a hypervisor, the list of virtual machines controlled by the hypervisor, and information of virtual resources allocated to virtual machines by the hypervisor. This document specifies four specific types of virtual resources that are common to many hypervisor implementations: processors (CPUs), memory, network interfaces (NICs), and storage devices. These managed objects are independent of the families of hypervisors or operating systems running on virtual machines.

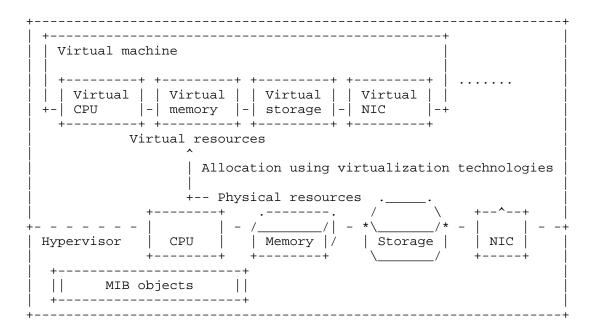


Figure 1: An Example of a Virtualization Environment

On the common implementations of hypervisors, a hypervisor allocates virtual resources from physical resources: virtual CPUs, virtual memory, virtual storage devices, and virtual network interfaces to virtual machines as shown in Figure 1. Since the virtual resources allocated to virtual machines are managed by the hypervisor, the MIB objects are managed at the hypervisor. In case that the objects are accessed through the SNMP, an SNMP agent is launched at the hypervisor to provide access to the objects.

The objects are managed from the viewpoint of the operators of hypervisors, but not the operators of virtual machines; that is, the objects do not take into account the actual resource utilization on each virtual machine but rather the resource allocation from the physical resources. For example, vmNetworkIfIndex indicates the virtual interface associated with an interface of a virtual machine at the hypervisor, and consequently, the 'in' and 'out' directions denote 'from a virtual machine to the hypervisor' and 'from the hypervisor to a virtual machine', respectively. Moreover, vmStorageAllocatedSize denotes the size allocated by the hypervisor, but not the size actually used by the operating system on the virtual machine. This means that vmStorageDefinedSize and vmStorageAllocatedSize do not take different values when the vmStorageSourceType is 'block' or 'raw'.

The objectives of this document are the following: 1) this document defines the MIB objects common to many hypervisors for the management of virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor, and 2) this document clarifies the relationship with other MIB modules for managing host computers and network devices.

4. Structure of the VM-MIB Module

The MIB module is organized into a group of scalars and tables. The scalars below 'vmHypervisor' provide basic information about the hypervisor. The 'vmTable' lists the virtual machines (guests) that are known to the hypervisor. The 'vmCpuTable' provides the mapping table of virtual CPUs to virtual machines, including CPU time used by each virtual CPU. The 'vmCpuAffinityTable' provides the affinity of each virtual CPU to a physical CPU. The 'vmStorageTable' provides the list of virtual storage devices and their mapping to virtual machines. In case that an entry in the 'vmStorageTable' has a corresponding parent physical storage device managed in 'vmStorageTable' of HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790], the entry contains a pointer 'vmStorageParent' to the physical storage device. The 'vmNetworkTable' provides the list of virtual network interfaces and their mapping to virtual machines. Each entry in the 'vmNetworkTable' also provides a pointer 'vmNetworkIfIndex' to the corresponding entry in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB [RFC2863]. In case that an entry in the 'vmNetworkTable' has a corresponding parent physical network interface managed in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB, the entry contains a pointer 'vmNetworkParent' to the physical network interface.

Notation:

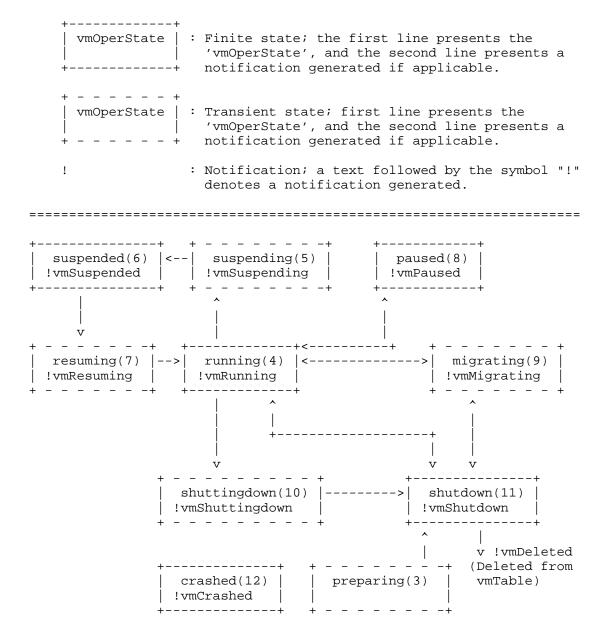


Figure 2: State Transition of a Virtual Machine

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The 'vmAdminState' and 'vmOperState' textual conventions define an administrative state and an operational state model for virtual machines. Events causing transitions between major operational states will cause the generation of notifications. Per virtual machine (per-VM) notifications (vmRunning, vmShutdown, vmPaused, vmSuspended, vmCrashed, vmDeleted) are generated if vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled is true(1). Bulk notifications (vmBulkRunning, vmBulkShutdown, vmBulkPaused, vmBulkSuspended, vmBulkCrashed, vmBulkDeleted) are generated if vmBulkNotificationsEnabled is true(1). The overview of the transition of 'vmOperState' by the write access to 'vmAdminState' and the notifications generated by the operational state changes are illustrated in Figure 2. The detailed state transition is summarized in Appendix A. Note that the notifications shown in this figure are per-VM notifications. In the case of Bulk notifications, the prefix 'vm' is replaced with 'vmBulk'.

The bulk notification mechanism is designed to reduce the number of notifications that are trapped by an SNMP manager. This is because the number of virtual machines managed by a bunch of hypervisors in a data center possibly becomes several thousands or more, and consequently, many notifications could be trapped if these virtual machines frequently change their administrative state. The per-VM notifications carry more detailed information, but the scalability is a problem. The notification filtering mechanism described in Section 6 of RFC 3413 [RFC3413] is used by the management applications to control the notifications.

5. Relationship to Other MIB Modules

The HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790] defines the MIB objects for managing host systems. On systems implementing the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB, the objects of HOST-RESOURCES-MIB indicate resources of a hypervisor. Some objects of HOST-RESOURCES-MIB are used to indicate physical resources through indexes. On systems implementing HOST-RESOURCES-MIB, the 'vmCpuPhysIndex' points to the processor's 'hrDeviceIndex' in the 'hrProcessorTable'. The 'vmStorageParent' also points to the storage device's 'hrStorageIndex' in the 'hrStorageTable'.

The IF-MIB [RFC2863] defines the MIB objects for managing network interfaces. Both physical and virtual network interfaces are required to be contained in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB. The virtual network interfaces in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB are pointed from the 'vmNetworkTable' defined in this document through a pointer 'vmNetworkIfIndex'. In case that an entry in the 'vmNetworkTable'

has a corresponding parent physical network interface managed in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB, the entry contains a pointer 'vmNetworkParent' to the physical network interface.

The objects related to virtual switches are not included in the MIB module defined in this document though virtual switches MAY be placed on a hypervisor. This is because the virtual network interfaces are the lowest abstraction of network resources allocated to a virtual machine. Instead of including the objects related to virtual switches, for example, IEEE8021-BRIDGE-MIB [IEEE8021-BRIDGE-MIB] and IEEE8021-Q-BRIDGE-MIB [IEEE8021-Q-BRIDGE-MIB] could be used.

The other objects related to virtual machines such as management IP addresses of a virtual machine are not included in this MIB module because this MIB module defines the objects common to general hypervisors, but they are specific to some hypervisors. They may be included in the entLogicalTable of ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933].

The SNMPv2-MIB [RFC3418] provides an object 'sysObjectID' that identifies the network management subsytem and an object 'sysUpTime' that reports the uptime of the network management portion of the system. The HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790] provides an object 'hrSystemUptime' that reports the uptime of the host's operating system. To complement these objects, the new 'vmHvUpTime' object reports the time since the hypervisor was last re-initialized, and the new 'vmHvObjectID' provides an identification of the hypervisor software.

6. Definitions

6.1. VM-MIB

VM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, TimeTicks, Counter64, Integer32, mib-2

FROM SNMPv2-SMI

OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, NOTIFICATION-GROUP

FROM SNMPv2-CONF

TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, PhysAddress, TruthValue

FROM SNMPv2-TC

SnmpAdminString

FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB

UUIDorZero

FROM UUID-TC-MIB

InterfaceIndexOrZero

FROM IF-MIB

IANAStorageMediaType FROM IANA-STORAGE-MEDIA-TYPE-MIB;

vmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

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ORGANIZATION "IETF Operations and Management Area Working Group" CONTACT-INFO

> "WG Email: opsawg@ietf.org Mailing list subscription info:

https://www.ietf.org/mailman/listinfo/opsawg

Hirochika Asai

The University of Tokyo

7-3-1 Hongo

Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656

Japan

Phone: +81 3 5841 6748

Email: panda@hongo.wide.ad.jp

Michael MacFaden

VMware Inc.

Email: mrm@vmware.com

Juergen Schoenwaelder Jacobs University Campus Ring 1

Bremen 28759

Germany

Email: j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de

Keiichi Shima

IIJ Innovation Institute Inc.

3-13 Kanda-Nishikicho

Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0054

Japan

Email: keiichi@iijlab.net

Tina Tsou

Huawei Technologies (USA) 2330 Central Expressway

Santa Clara, CA 95050

United States

Email: tina.tsou.zouting@huawei.com"

"This MIB module is for use in managing a hypervisor and virtual machines controlled by the hypervisor.

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```
REVISION "201510120000Z"
                                   -- 12 October 2015
   DESCRIPTION
           "The initial version of this MIB, published as
           RFC 7666."
    ::= \{ mib-2 236 \}
vmNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 0 }
vmObjects          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 1 }
vmConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 2 }
-- Textual conversion definitions
VirtualMachineIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value, greater than zero, identifying a
           virtual machine. The value for each virtual machine
           MUST remain constant at least from one re-initialization
           of the hypervisor to the next re-initialization."
    SYNTAX
                Integer32 (1..2147483647)
VirtualMachineIndexOrZero ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This textual convention is an extension of the
           VirtualMachineIndex convention. This extension permits
            the additional value of zero. The meaning of the value
            zero is object-specific and MUST therefore be defined as
           part of the description of any object that uses this
            syntax. Examples of the usage of zero might include
            situations where a virtual machine is unknown, or when
```

VirtualMachineAdminState ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

Integer32 (0..2147483647)

SYNTAX

none or all virtual machines need to be referenced."

STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The administrative state of a virtual machine:

- running(1) The administrative state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently online or should be brought online.
- suspended(2) The administrative state of the virtual machine where its memory and CPU execution state has been saved to persistent store and will be restored at next running(1).
- paused(3) The administrative state indicating the virtual machine is resident in memory but is no longer scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.
- shutdown(4) The administrative state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently offline or should be shutting down."

INTEGER { SYNTAX running(1), suspended(2), paused(3), shutdown(4)

}

VirtualMachineOperState ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The operational state of a virtual machine:

- unknown(1) The operational state of the virtual machine is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the state from the hypervisor.
- other(2) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating that an operational state is obtained from the hypervisor, but it is not a state defined in this MIB module.
- preparing(3) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is

Asai, et al. Standards Track [Page 11] currently in the process of preparation, e.g., allocating and initializing virtual storage after creating (defining) the virtual machine.

- running(4) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently executed, but it is not in the process of preparing(3), suspending(5), resuming(7), migrating(9), and shuttingdown(10).
- The operational state of the virtual suspending(5) machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of suspending to save its memory and CPU execution state to persistent store. This is a transient state from running(4) to suspended(6).
- suspended(6) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently suspended, which means the memory and CPU execution state of the virtual machine are saved to persistent store. During this state, the virtual machine is not scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.
- resuming(7) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of resuming to restore its memory and CPU execution state from persistent store. This is a transient state from suspended(6) to running(4).
- The operational state of the virtual paused(8) machine indicating the virtual machine is resident in memory but no longer scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.
- The operational state of the virtual migrating(9) machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of migration from/to another hypervisor.

shuttingdown(10)

The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of shutting down. This is a transient state from running(4) to shutdown(11).

The operational state of the virtual shutdown(11) machine indicating the virtual machine is down, and CPU execution is no longer scheduled by the hypervisor and its memory is not resident in the hypervisor.

The operational state of the virtual crashed(12) machine indicating the virtual machine has crashed."

SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(1), other(2), preparing(3), running(4), suspending(5), suspended(6), resuming(7), paused(8), migrating(9), shuttingdown(10), shutdown(11), crashed(12)

VirtualMachineAutoStart ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The autostart configuration of a virtual machine:

- unknown(1) The autostart configuration is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the autostart configuration from the hypervisor.
- enabled(2) The autostart configuration of the virtual machine is enabled. The virtual machine should be automatically brought online at the next re-initialization of the hypervisor.
- disabled(3) The autostart configuration of the virtual machine is disabled. The virtual

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```
machine should not be automatically
                           brought online at the next
                           re-initialization of the hypervisor."
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                   unknown(1),
                    enabled(2),
                   disabled(3)
                }
VirtualMachinePersistent ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This value indicates whether a virtual machine has a
            persistent configuration, which means the virtual machine
            will still exist after shutting down:
            unknown(1)
                           The persistent configuration is unknown,
                           e.g., because the implementation failed
                           to obtain the persistent configuration
                           from the hypervisor. (read-only)
                          The virtual machine is persistent, i.e.,
            persistent(2)
                           the virtual machine will exist after it
                           shuts down.
            transient(3)
                           The virtual machine is transient, i.e.,
                           the virtual machine will not exist after
                           it shuts down."
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                   unknown(1),
                   persistent(2),
                   transient(3)
                 }
VirtualMachineCpuIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d"
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than
            zero, identifying a virtual CPU assigned to a virtual
            machine. The value for each virtual CPU MUST remain
            constant at least from one re-initialization of the
           hypervisor to the next re-initialization."
     SYNTAX
               Integer32 (1..2147483647)
VirtualMachineStorageIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
    STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than zero, identifying a virtual storage device allocated to a virtual machine. The value for each virtual storage device MUST remain constant at least from one re-initialization of the hypervisor to the next re-initialization."

Integer32 (1..2147483647) SYNTAX

VirtualMachineStorageSourceType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The source type of a virtual storage device:

- unknown(1) The source type is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the media type from the hypervisor.
- The source type is other than those other(2) defined in this conversion.
- block(3) The source type is a block device.
- raw(4) The source type is a raw-formatted file.
- sparse(5) The source type is a sparse file.

network(6) The source type is a network device." SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(1), other(2), block(3), raw(4), sparse(5), network(6) }

VirtualMachineStorageAccess ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The access permission of a virtual storage:

- The access permission of the virtual unknown(1) storage is unknown.
- readwrite(2) The virtual storage is a read-write device.

```
readonly(3) The virtual storage is a read-only
                          device."
                INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                   unknown(1),
                   readwrite(2),
                   readonly(3)
VirtualMachineNetworkIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than
           zero, identifying a virtual network interface allocated
           to the virtual machine. The value for each virtual
           network interface MUST remain constant at least from one
           re-initialization of the hypervisor to the next
           re-initialization."
    SYNTAX
               Integer32 (1..2147483647)
VirtualMachineList ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "1x"
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Each octet within this value specifies a set of eight
           virtual machine vmIndex values, with the first octet
           specifying virtual machine 1 through 8, the second octet
           specifying virtual machine 9 through 16, etc. Within
           each octet, the most significant bit represents the
           lowest-numbered vmIndex, and the least significant bit
           represents the highest-numbered vmIndex. Thus, each
           virtual machine of the host is represented by a single
           bit within the value of this object. If that bit has
           a value of '1', then that virtual machine is included
           in the set of virtual machines; the virtual machine is
           not included if its bit has a value of '0'."
               OCTET STRING
   SYNTAX
-- The hypervisor group
-- A collection of objects common to all hypervisors.
vmHypervisor     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmObjects 1 }
vmHvSoftware OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of the hypervisor software. This
           value SHOULD NOT include its version as it SHOULD be
           included in 'vmHvVersion'."
    ::= { vmHypervisor 1 }
vmHvVersion OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of the version of the hypervisor
           software."
    ::= { vmHypervisor 2 }
vmHvObjectID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The vendor's authoritative identification of the
           hypervisor software contained in the entity. This value
           is allocated within the SMI enterprises
           subtree (1.3.6.1.4.1). Note that this is different from
           sysObjectID in the SNMPv2-MIB (RFC 3418) because
           sysObjectID is not the identification of the hypervisor
           software but the device, firmware, or management
           operating system."
    ::= { vmHypervisor 3 }
vmHvUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The time (in centiseconds) since the hypervisor was
           last re-initialized. Note that this is different from
           sysUpTime in the SNMPv2-MIB (RFC 3418) and hrSystemUptime
           in the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB (RFC 2790) because sysUpTime is
           the uptime of the network management portion of the
           system, and hrSystemUptime is the uptime of the
           management operating system but not the hypervisor
           software."
    ::= { vmHypervisor 4 }
-- The virtual machine information
```

```
-- A collection of objects common to all virtual machines.
vmNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The number of virtual machines (regardless of their
             current state) present on this hypervisor."
    ::= { vmObjects 2 }
vmTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of vmHvUpTime at the time of the last creation
             or deletion of an entry in the vmTable."
    ::= { vmObjects 3 }
vmTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A list of virtual machine entries. The number of
             entries is given by the value of vmNumber."
    ::= { vmObjects 4 }
vmEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX VmEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry containing management information applicable
            to a particular virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmIndex }
    ::= { vmTable 1 }
VmEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        VmIndex
        vmIndex VirtualMachineIndex,
vmName SnmpAdminString,
vmUUID UUIDorZero,
vmOSType SnmpAdminString,
vmAdminState VirtualMachineAdminState,
vmOperState VirtualMachineOperState,
vmAutoStart VirtualMachineAutoStart,
```

```
vmPersistent
                                VirtualMachinePersistent,
        vmCurCpuNumber
vmMinCpuNumber
vmMaxCpuNumber
                               Integer32,
                             Integer32,
Integer32,
        vmMemUnit
                               Integer32,
        vmCurMem
                               Integer32,
                              Integer32,
Integer32,
TimeTicks,
Counter64
        vmMinMem
        vmMaxMem
vmUpTime
vmCpuTime
    }
vmIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX VirtualMachineIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value, greater than zero, identifying the
            virtual machine. The value assigned to a given virtual
            machine may not persist across re-initialization of the
            hypervisor. A command generator MUST use the vmUUID to
            identify a given virtual machine of interest."
    ::= { vmEntry 1 }
vmName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A textual name of the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmEntry 2 }
vmUUID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX UUIDorZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The virtual machine's 128-bit Universally Unique
            Identifier (UUID) or the zero-length string when a
            UUID is not available. If set, the UUID MUST uniquely
            identify a virtual machine from all other virtual
            machines in an administrative domain. A zero-length
            octet string is returned if no UUID information is
            known."
    ::= { vmEntry 3 }
vmOSType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description containing operating system
           information installed on the virtual machine. This
           value corresponds to the operating system the hypervisor
           assumes to be running when the virtual machine is
           started. This may differ from the actual operating
           system in case the virtual machine boots into a
           different operating system."
   ::= { vmEntry 4 }
vmAdminState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineAdminState
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
          "The administrative state of the virtual machine."
   ::= { vmEntry 5 }
vmOperState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineOperState
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The operational state of the virtual machine."
   ::= { vmEntry 6 }
vmAutoStart OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineAutoStart
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The autostart configuration of the virtual machine. If
           this value is enable(2), the virtual machine
           automatically starts at the next initialization of the
           hypervisor."
   ::= { vmEntry 7 }
vmPersistent OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachinePersistent
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This value indicates whether the virtual machine has a
           persistent configuration, which means the virtual machine
           will still exist after its shutdown."
   ::= { vmEntry 8 }
```

```
vmCurCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
              read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of virtual CPUs currently assigned to the
           virtual machine."
   ::= { vmEntry 9 }
vmMinCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
              Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum number of virtual CPUs that are assigned to
           the virtual machine when it is in a power-on state. The
           value -1 indicates that there is no hard boundary for
           the minimum number of virtual CPUs."
   ::= { vmEntry 10 }
vmMaxCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum number of virtual CPUs that are assigned to
           the virtual machine when it is in a power-on state. The
           value -1 indicates that there is no limit."
   ::= { vmEntry 11 }
vmMemUnit OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The multiplication unit in bytes for vmCurMem, vmMinMem,
           and vmMaxMem. For example, when this value is 1024, the
           memory size unit for vmCurMem, vmMinMem, and vmMaxMem is
           KiB."
   ::= { vmEntry 12 }
vmCurMem OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The current memory size currently allocated to the
           virtual memory module in the unit designated by
```

```
vmMemUnit."
    ::= { vmEntry 13 }
vmMinMem OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum memory size defined to the virtual machine
            in the unit designated by vmMemUnit. The value -1
            indicates that there is no hard boundary for the minimum
           memory size."
    ::= { vmEntry 14 }
vmMaxMem OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
            "The maximum memory size defined to the virtual machine
            in the unit designated by vmMemUnit. The value -1
            indicates that there is no limit."
    ::= { vmEntry 15 }
vmUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The time (in centiseconds) since the administrative
            state of the virtual machine was last changed from
           shutdown(4) to running(1)."
    ::= { vmEntry 16 }
vmCpuTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
UNITS "microsecond"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
            "The total CPU time used in microseconds. If the number
            of virtual CPUs is larger than 1, vmCpuTime may exceed
           real time.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
            at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
            administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
```

```
virtual machine."
    ::= { vmEntry 17 }
-- The virtual CPU on each virtual machines
vmCpuTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmCpuEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The table of virtual CPUs provided by the hypervisor."
    ::= { vmObjects 5 }
vmCpuEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VmCpuEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry for one virtual processor assigned to a
           virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmIndex, vmCpuIndex }
    ::= { vmCpuTable 1 }
VmCpuEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       vmCpuIndex VirtualMachineCpuIndex, vmCpuCoreTime Counter64
vmCpuIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineCpuIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value identifying a virtual CPU assigned to
           the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmCpuEntry 1 }
vmCpuCoreTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64 UNITS "microsecond"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total CPU time used by this virtual CPU in
           microseconds.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
           at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
```

```
administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
           virtual machine."
   ::= { vmCpuEntry 2 }
-- The virtual CPU affinity on each virtual machines
vmCpuAffinityTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmCpuAffinityEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
          "A list of CPU affinity entries of a virtual CPU."
   ::= { vmObjects 6 }
vmCpuAffinityEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VmCpuAffinityEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing CPU affinity associated with a
           particular virtual machine."
   INDEX { vmIndex, vmCpuIndex, vmCpuPhysIndex }
   ::= { vmCpuAffinityTable 1 }
VmCpuAffinityEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       }
vmCpuPhysIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value identifying a physical CPU on the hypervisor.
           On systems implementing the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB, the
           value MUST be the same value that is used as the index
           in the hrProcessorTable (hrDeviceIndex)."
    ::= { vmCpuAffinityEntry 2 }
vmCpuAffinity OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                  unknown(0), -- unknown
                  enable(1), -- enabled
disable(2) -- disabled
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The CPU affinity of this virtual CPU to the physical
            CPU represented by 'vmCpuPhysIndex'."
    ::= { vmCpuAffinityEntry 3 }
-- The virtual storage devices on each virtual machine. This
-- document defines some overlapped objects with hrStorage in
-- HOST-RESOURCES-MIB (RFC 2790), because virtual resources are
-- allocated from the hypervisor's resources, which is the 'host
-- resources'.
vmStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmStorageEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The conceptual table of virtual storage devices
            attached to the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmObjects 7 }
vmStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX VmStorageEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry for one virtual storage device attached to the
            virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmStorageVmIndex, vmStorageIndex }
    ::= { vmStorageTable 1 }
VmStorageEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vmStorageVmIndex VirtualMachineIndexOrZero,
       vmStorageIndexVirtualMachineStorageIndex,vmStorageParentInteger32,vmStorageSourceTypeVirtualMachineStorageSourceType,
        vmStorageIndex
                               VirtualMachineStorageIndex,
        vmStorageSourceTypeString
                              SnmpAdminString,
       vmStorageResourceIDSnmpAdminString,vmStorageAccessVirtualMachineStoragevmStorageMediaTypeIANAStorageMediaType,
                                VirtualMachineStorageAccess,
        vmStorageMediaTypeString
                               SnmpAdminString,
       vmStorageAllocatedSize Integer32,
```

```
}
vmStorageVmIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineIndexOrZero
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This value identifies the virtual machine (guest) this
           storage device has been allocated to. The value zero
           indicates that the storage device is currently not
           allocated to any virtual machines."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 1 }
vmStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineStorageIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value identifying a virtual storage device
           allocated to the virtual machine."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 2 }
vmStorageParent OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of hrStorageIndex, which is the parent (i.e.,
           physical) device of this virtual device on systems
           implementing the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB. The value zero
           denotes this virtual device is not any child
           represented in the hrStorageTable."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 3 }
vmStorageSourceType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineStorageSourceType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "The source type of the virtual storage device."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 4 }
vmStorageSourceTypeString OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
```

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A (detailed) textual string of the source type of the
           virtual storage device. For example, this represents
           the specific format name of the sparse file."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 5 }
vmStorageResourceID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A textual string that represents the resource
           identifier of the virtual storage. For example, this
           contains the path to the disk image file that
           corresponds to the virtual storage."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 6 }
vmStorageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineStorageAccess
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The access permission of the virtual storage device."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 7 }
vmStorageMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX IANAStorageMediaType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The media type of the virtual storage device."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 8 }
vmStorageMediaTypeString OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A (detailed) textual string of the virtual storage
           media. For example, this represents the specific driver
           name of the emulated media such as 'IDE' and 'SCSI'."
   ::= { vmStorageEntry 9 }
vmStorageSizeUnit OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The multiplication unit in bytes for
            vmStorageDefinedSize and vmStorageAllocatedSize. For
            example, when this value is 1048576, the storage size
            unit for vmStorageDefinedSize and vmStorageAllocatedSize
            is MiB."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 10 }
vmStorageDefinedSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Integer32 (-1|0...2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The defined virtual storage size defined in the unit
            designated by vmStorageSizeUnit. If this information is
            not available, this value MUST be -1."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 11 }
vmStorageAllocatedSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The storage size allocated to the virtual storage from
            a physical storage in the unit designated by
            vmStorageSizeUnit. When the virtual storage is block
device or raw file, this value and vmStorageDefinedSize
            are supposed to equal. This value MUST NOT be different
            from vmStorageDefinedSize when vmStorageSourceType is
            'block' or 'raw'. If this information is not available,
            this value MUST be -1."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 12 }
vmStorageReadIOs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of read I/O requests.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
            at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
            administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
            virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 13 }
vmStorageWriteIOs OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of write I/O requests.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
            at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
            administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
           virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 14 }
vmStorageReadOctets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of bytes read from this device.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
            at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
           administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
           virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 15 }
vmStorageWriteOctets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of bytes written to this device.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
           at re-initialization of the hypervisor and
           administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
           virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 16 }
vmStorageReadLatency OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of microseconds read requests have
           been queued for this device.
            This would typically be implemented by storing the high
            precision system timestamp of when the request is
```

received from the virtual machine with the request, the difference between this initial timestamp and the time at which the requested operation has completed SHOULD be converted to microseconds and accumulated.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the hypervisor and administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the virtual machine."

::= { vmStorageEntry 17 }

vmStorageWriteLatency OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of microseconds write requests have been queued for this device.

This would typically be implemented by storing the high precision system timestamp of when the request is received from the virtual machine with the request; the difference between this initial timestamp and the time at which the requested operation has completed SHOULD be converted to microseconds and accumulated.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the hypervisor and administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the virtual machine."

::= { vmStorageEntry 18 }

-- The virtual network interfaces on each virtual machine. vmNetworkTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmNetworkEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

current STATUS

DESCRIPTION

"The conceptual table of virtual network interfaces attached to the virtual machine."

::= { vmObjects 8 }

vmNetworkEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VmNetworkEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry for one virtual network interface attached to

```
the virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmIndex, vmNetworkIndex }
    ::= { vmNetworkTable 1 }
VmNetworkEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        JENCE {VirtualMachineNetworkIndex,vmNetworkIfIndexVirtualMachineNetworkIndex,vmNetworkIfIndexInterfaceIndexOrZero,vmNetworkParentInterfaceIndexOrZero,vmNetworkModelSnmpAdminString,vmNetworkPhysAddressPhysAddress
    }
vmNetworkIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX VirtualMachineNetworkIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "A unique value identifying a virtual network interface
             allocated to the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmNetworkEntry 1 }
vmNetworkIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of ifIndex, which corresponds to this virtual
             network interface. If this device is not represented in
             the ifTable, then this value MUST be zero."
    ::= { vmNetworkEntry 2 }
vmNetworkParent OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of ifIndex, which corresponds to the parent
             (i.e., physical) device of this virtual device. The
             value zero denotes this virtual device is not any
             child represented in the ifTable."
    ::= { vmNetworkEntry 3 }
vmNetworkModel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"A textual string containing the (emulated) model of the
           virtual network interface. For example, this value is
           'virtio' when the emulation driver model is virtio."
   ::= { vmNetworkEntry 4 }
vmNetworkPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX PhysAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The Media Access Control (MAC) address of the virtual
           network interface."
   ::= { vmNetworkEntry 5 }
-- Notification definitions:
vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
              current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "Indicates if the notification generator will send
           notifications per virtual machine. Changes to this
           object MUST NOT persist across re-initialization of
           the management system, e.g., SNMP agent."
   ::= { vmObjects 9 }
vmBulkNotificationsEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Indicates if the notification generator will send
           notifications per set of virtual machines. Changes to
           this object MUST NOT persist across re-initialization of
           the management system, e.g., SNMP agent."
   ::= { vmObjects 10 }
vmAffectedVMs OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX VirtualMachineList
   MAX-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A complete list of virtual machines whose state has
           changed. This object is the only object sent with bulk
           notifications."
   ::= { vmObjects 11 }
```

```
vmRunning NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
    STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
           running(4) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 1 }
vmShuttingdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            shuttingdown(10) from some other state. The other state
            is indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 2 }
vmShutdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS {
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This notification is generated when the operational
           state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            shutdown(11) from some other state. The other state is
           indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 3 }
vmPaused NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS {
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
```

```
STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            paused(8) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 4 }
vmSuspending NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
               {
                    vmName,
                    vmUUID,
                    vmOperState
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            suspending(5) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 5 }
vmSuspended NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                    vmName,
                    vmUUID,
                    vmOperState
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            suspended(6) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 6 }
vmResuming NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
                    vmName,
                    vmUUID,
                    vmOperState
                 current
    STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
            resuming(7) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
```

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```
::= { vmNotifications 7 }
vmMigrating NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of a virtual machine has been changed to
           migrating(9) from some other state. The other state is
            indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 8 }
vmCrashed NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS {
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when a virtual machine
           has been crashed. The previous state of the virtual
           machine is indicated by the included value of
           vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 9 }
vmDeleted NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS {
                   vmName,
                   vmUUID,
                   vmOperState,
                   vmPersistent
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when a virtual machine
           has been deleted. The prior state of the virtual
           machine is indicated by the included value of
           vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 10 }
vmBulkRunning NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                   vmAffectedVMs
```

```
STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to running(4) from any prior state, except for
            running(4). Management stations are encouraged to
            subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of
            interest for vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 11 }
vmBulkShuttingdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
                  vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to shuttingdown(10) from a state other than
            shuttingdown(10). Management stations are encouraged to
            subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of
            interest for vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 12 }
vmBulkShutdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS {
                  vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machine has been changed to
            shutdown(11) from a state other than shutdown(11).
            Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
            the subset of virtual machines of interest for
           vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 13 }
vmBulkPaused NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                    vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to paused(8) from a state other than paused(8).
```

```
Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
            the subset of virtual machines of interest for
            vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 14 }
vmBulkSuspending NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                    vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to suspending(5) from a state other than suspending(5).
            Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
            the subset of virtual machines of interest for
            vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 15 }
vmBulkSuspended NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
                   vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to suspended(6) from a state other than suspended(6).
            Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
            the subset of virtual machines of interest for
            vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 16 }
vmBulkResuming NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
               {
                    vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This notification is generated when the operational
            state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
            to resuming(7) from a state other than resuming(7).
            Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
            the subset of virtual machines of interest for
            vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 17 }
vmBulkMigrating NOTIFICATION-TYPE
```

```
OBJECTS
                   vmAffectedVMs
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This notification is generated when the operational
           state of one or more virtual machines has been changed
           to migrating(9) from a state other than migrating(9).
           Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
           the subset of virtual machines of interest for
           vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 18 }
vmBulkCrashed NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
              {
                   vmAffectedVMs
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This notification is generated when one or more virtual
           machines have been crashed. Management stations are
           encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual
           machines of interest for vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 19 }
vmBulkDeleted NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS {
                   vmAffectedVMs
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This notification is generated when one or more virtual
           machines have been deleted. Management stations are
           encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual
           machines of interest for vmOperState."
    ::= { vmNotifications 20 }
-- Compliance definitions:
vmCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmConformance 1 }
vmGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmConformance 2 }
vmFullCompliances MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Compliance statement for implementations supporting
           read/write access, according to the object definitions."
             -- this module
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
```

```
vmHypervisorGroup,
       vmVirtualMachineGroup,
       vmCpuGroup,
       vmCpuAffinityGroup,
       vmStorageGroup,
       vmNetworkGroup
   GROUP vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup
   DESCRIPTION
            "Support for per-VM notifications is optional. If not
            implemented, then vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled MUST report
            false(2)."
    GROUP vmBulkNotificationsVariablesGroup
   DESCRIPTION
            "Necessary only if vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup is
            implemented."
    GROUP vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup
   DESCRIPTION
            "Support for bulk notifications is optional. If not
            implemented, then vmBulkNotificationsEnabled MUST report
            false(2)."
    ::= { vmCompliances 1 }
vmReadOnlyCompliances MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Compliance statement for implementations supporting
            only read-only access."
           -- this module
   MODULE
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
       vmHypervisorGroup,
       vmVirtualMachineGroup,
       vmCpuGroup,
       vmCpuAffinityGroup,
       vmStorageGroup,
       vmNetworkGroup
    }
    OBJECT vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled
   MIN-ACCESS
               read-only
   DESCRIPTION
           "Write access is not required."
    OBJECT vmBulkNotificationsEnabled
   MIN-ACCESS
               read-only
   DESCRIPTION
            "Write access is not required."
```

```
::= { vmCompliances 2 }
vmHypervisorGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
       vmHvSoftware,
       vmHvVersion,
       vmHvObjectID,
        vmHvUpTime,
        vmNumber,
        vmTableLastChange,
        vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled,
        vmBulkNotificationsEnabled
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
           hypervisor itself."
     ::= { vmGroups 1 }
vmVirtualMachineGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
        -- vmIndex
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOSType,
        vmAdminState,
        vmOperState,
        vmAutoStart,
        vmPersistent,
        vmCurCpuNumber,
        vmMinCpuNumber,
        vmMaxCpuNumber,
        vmMemUnit,
        vmCurMem,
        vmMinMem,
       vmMaxMem,
       vmUpTime,
       vmCpuTime
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
            virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 2 }
vmCpuGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
       -- vmCpuIndex,
```

```
vmCpuCoreTime
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
            virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 3 }
vmCpuAffinityGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
        -- vmCpuPhysIndex,
       vmCpuAffinity
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
            virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 4 }
vmStorageGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
       -- vmStorageVmIndex,
        -- vmStorageIndex,
        vmStorageParent,
        vmStorageSourceType,
        vmStorageSourceTypeString,
        vmStorageResourceID,
        vmStorageAccess,
        vmStorageMediaType,
        vmStorageMediaTypeString,
        vmStorageSizeUnit,
        vmStorageDefinedSize,
        vmStorageAllocatedSize,
        vmStorageReadIOs,
        vmStorageWriteIOs,
        vmStorageReadOctets,
        vmStorageWriteOctets,
        vmStorageReadLatency,
        vmStorageWriteLatency
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
            virtual storage devices controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 5 }
vmNetworkGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
```

```
-- vmNetworkIndex,
       vmNetworkIfIndex,
       vmNetworkParent,
       vmNetworkModel,
       vmNetworkPhysAddress
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing insight into the
            virtual network interfaces controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 6 }
vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
   NOTIFICATIONS {
       vmRunning,
       vmShuttingdown,
       vmShutdown,
       vmPaused,
       vmSuspending,
       vmSuspended,
       vmResuming,
       vmMigrating,
       vmCrashed,
       vmDeleted
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of notifications for per-VM notification
            of changes to virtual machine state (vmOperState) as
            reported by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 7 }
vmBulkNotificationsVariablesGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
       vmAffectedVMs
    STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The variables used in vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup
            virtual network interfaces controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 8 }
vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
   NOTIFICATIONS {
       vmBulkRunning,
       vmBulkShuttingdown,
       vmBulkShutdown,
       vmBulkPaused,
```

```
vmBulkSuspending,
          vmBulkSuspended,
          vmBulkResuming,
          vmBulkMigrating,
          vmBulkCrashed,
          vmBulkDeleted
                current
       STATUS
      DESCRIPTION
               "A collection of notifications for bulk notification of
              changes to virtual machine state (vmOperState) as
              reported by a given hypervisor."
       ::= { vmGroups 9 }
  END
6.2. IANA-STORAGE-MEDIA-TYPE-MIB
   IANA-STORAGE-MEDIA-TYPE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
   IMPORTS
      MODULE-IDENTITY, mib-2
          FROM SNMPv2-SMI
       TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
          FROM SNMPv2-TC;
   ianaStorageMediaTypeMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
      LAST-UPDATED "201510120000Z" -- 12 October 2015
      ORGANIZATION "IANA"
      CONTACT-INFO
               "Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
               Postal: ICANN
                       12025 Waterfront Drive, Suite 300
                       Los Angeles, CA 90094-2536
                       United States
                       +1 310-301-5800
                Email: iana@iana.org"
      DESCRIPTION
               "This MIB module defines Textual Conventions
              representing the media type of a storage device.
               Copyright (c) 2015 IETF Trust and the persons identified
               as authors of the code. All rights reserved.
               Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with
```

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subject to the license terms contained in, the

or without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and

END

Simplified BSD License set forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info)."

```
REVISION "201510120000Z"
                                -- 12 October 2015
      DESCRIPTION
              "The initial version of this MIB, published as
              RFC 7666."
       ::= \{ mib-2 237 \}
IANAStorageMediaType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The media type of a storage device:
           unknown(1)
                          The media type is unknown, e.g., because
                          the implementation failed to obtain the
                          media type from the hypervisor.
           other(2)
                          The media type is other than those
                          defined in this conversion.
           hardDisk(3)
                          The media type is hard disk.
           opticalDisk(4) The media type is optical disk.
           floppyDisk(5) The media type is floppy disk."
   SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                   other(1),
                   unknown(2),
                   hardDisk(3),
                   opticalDisk(4),
                   floppyDisk(5)
```

7. IANA Considerations

This document defines the first version of the IANA-maintained IANA-STORAGE-MEDIA-TYPE-MIB module, which allows new storage media types to be added to the enumeration in IANAStorageMediaType. An Expert Review, as defined in RFC 5226 [RFC5226], is REQUIRED for each modification.

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor	OBJECT IDENTIFIER value
vmMIB ianaStorageMediaTypeMIB	{ mib-2 236 } { mib-2 237 }

8. Security Considerations

This MIB module is typically implemented on the hypervisor not inside a virtual machine. Virtual machines, possibly under other administrative domains, would not have access to this MIB as the SNMP service would typically operate in a separate management network.

There are two objects defined in this MIB module, vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled and vmBulkNotificationsEnabled, that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write. Enabling notifications can lead to a substantial number of notifications if many virtual machines change their state concurrently. Hence, such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on the management system. It is RECOMMENDED that these objects have access of read-only instead of read-write on deployments where SNMPv3 strong security (i.e., authentication and encryption) is not used.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may contain sensitive information. The objects in the vmHvSoftware and vmHvVersion list information about the hypervisor's software and version. Some may wish not to disclose to others which software they are running. Further, an inventory of the running software and versions may be helpful to an attacker who hopes to exploit software bugs in certain applications. Moreover, the objects in the vmTable, vmCpuTable, vmCpuAffinityTable, vmStorageTable, and vmNetworkTable list information about the virtual machines and their virtual resource allocation. Some may wish not to disclose to others how many and what virtual machines they are operating.

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is recommended that the implementers consider using the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model [RFC3414] and the View-based Access Control Model [RFC3415] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. References

9.1. Normative References

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Appendix A. State Transition Table

+	+	+	++
State 	Change to vmAdminState at the hypervisor or (Event)	Next State	Notification
suspended	running	resuming	vmResuming vmBulkResuming
suspending	(suspend operation completed)	suspended	vmSuspended vmBulkSuspended
running	suspended	suspending	vmSuspending vmBulkSuspending
	shutdown	shuttingdown	vmShuttingdown vmBulkShuttingdown
	(migration to other hypervisor initiated)	migrating	vmMigrating vmBulkMigrating
resuming	(resume operation completed)	running	vmRunning vmBulkRunning
paused	running	running	vmRunning vmBulkRunning
shuttingdown	(shutdown operation completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown vmBulkShutdown
shutdown	running	running	vmRunning vmBulkRunning
	(if this state entry is created by a migration operation (*)	migrating	vmMigrating vmBulkMigrating

	(deletion operation completed)	(no state)	vmDeleted vmBulkDeleted
migrating	(migration from other hypervisor completed)	running	vmRunning vmBulkRunning
	(migration to other hypervisor completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown vmBulkShutdown
 preparing 	(preparation completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown vmBulkShutdown
crashed	-	-	-
	(crashed)	crashed	vmCrashed vmBulkCrashed
(no state)	(preparation initiated)	preparing	-
	(migrate from other hypervisor initiated)	shutdown (*)	vmShutdown vmBulkShutdown

State Transition Table for vmOperState

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Contributors

Yuji Sekiya The University of Tokyo 2-11-16 Yayoi Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8658 Japan

Email: sekiya@wide.ad.jp

Cathy Zhou Huawei Technologies Bantian, Longgang District Shenzhen 518129 China

Email: cathyzhou@huawei.com

Hiroshi Esaki The University of Tokyo 7-3-1 Hongo Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656 Japan

Email: hiroshi@wide.ad.jp

Authors' Addresses

Hirochika Asai The University of Tokyo 7-3-1 Hongo Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656 Japan

Phone: +81 3 5841 6748

Email: panda@hongo.wide.ad.jp

Michael MacFaden VMware Inc.

Email: mrm@vmware.com

Juergen Schoenwaelder Jacobs University Campus Ring 1 Bremen 28759 Germany

Email: j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de

Keiichi Shima IIJ Innovation Institute Inc. 2-10-2 Fujimi Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 102-0071 Japan

Email: keiichi@iijlab.net

Tina Tsou Huawei Technologies (USA) 2330 Central Expressway Santa Clara, CA 95050 United States

Email: tina.tsou.zouting@huawei.com